

County Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax

Covington County, MS

June 2023 - May 2024

extension.msstate.edu/economic-profiles



These profiles are designed to provide a sense of the economic contribution that sales subject to sales and use tax experienced by Mississippi counties and municipalities. In addition, we estimate the fiscal effects for state and local tax revenues, sales tax diversion effects for Mississippi municipalities, and the fiscal effects of federal tax revenues as a result of sales subject to sales and use tax for two selected sectors.

Data to estimate these sales were obtained from the Mississippi Department of Revenue's Sales Indicated by Gross Sales Tax Collections, reported by County, City and Industry Group monthly statistics reports (<https://www.dor.ms.gov/Statistics/Pages/Monthly-Statistics.aspx>). It should be noted that these data have not been reconciled by the Department of Revenue, but are aggregated from reports submitted by organizations that collect sales tax from across the state on an "as is" basis. As such, the data contained in these monthly reports likely will not sum to the annual report provided by the Department of Revenue.

Even though these are not final data, we feel that the identification of trends in sales and the collection of sales could be valuable to the leaders of Mississippi's counties and municipalities. This report uses data from June 2023 through May 2024 (the most current data available).

These profiles are organized in the following manner:

- The first set of graphs and tables provide the levels of sales and sales tax collected for the total sales subject to sales tax, as well as the levels of sales and sales tax collected for the retail sector and the accommodation and food services sector. Statistics for these sectors were provided due to their importance to the level of sales tax collected and the level of sales tax diversions remitted to Mississippi municipalities.
- The economic impact of the change in sales in the combined retail sales and accommodation and food services sectors is then estimated to provide community leaders with an estimate of the "spillover costs" or, in some cases, "spillover benefits" that occur as a result of the pandemic.
 - The sales subject to sales tax is estimated by summing the reported sales (by sector) for the most recent 12 months. For example, the estimate for this series of reports is the sum of reported sales from June 2023 through May 2024.
 - The sales estimates are used in county-specific IMPLAN® models (see the Data Key at the end of this publication for an explanation) to estimate direct, indirect, and induced spillover effects resulting from this shock to the economy. In addition, the state and local, as well as the federal, fiscal effects of the change in sales will be presented.
 - An estimate of the level of diversions provided to Mississippi municipalities will also be presented as a part of the municipalities' profiles. These estimated diversions are also reported by the Mississippi Department of Revenue.

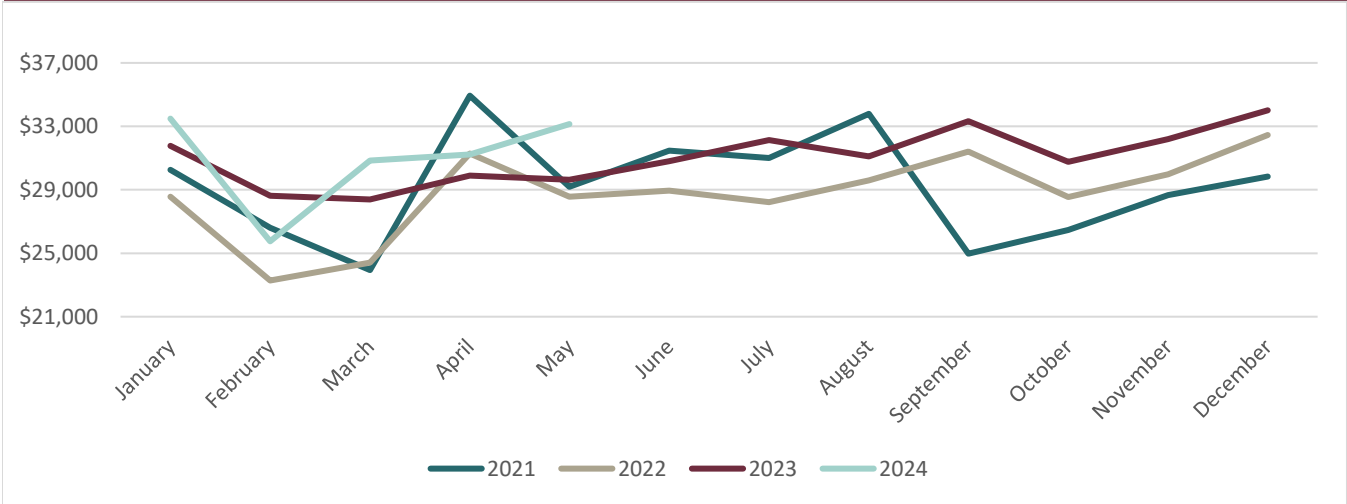
Total Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax (\$000s)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
JAN	\$30,260	\$28,573	\$31,776	\$33,487
FEB	\$26,611	\$23,281	\$28,625	\$25,753
MAR	\$23,939	\$24,402	\$28,391	\$30,835
APR	\$34,936	\$31,286	\$29,902	\$31,217
MAY	\$29,196	\$28,565	\$29,630	\$33,134
JUN	\$31,469	\$28,949	\$30,801	
JUL	\$31,015	\$28,221	\$32,143	
AUG	\$33,791	\$29,601	\$31,114	
SEP	\$24,965	\$31,411	\$33,333	
OCT	\$26,465	\$28,549	\$30,772	
NOV	\$28,657	\$29,972	\$32,203	
DEC	\$29,843	\$32,453	\$34,010	

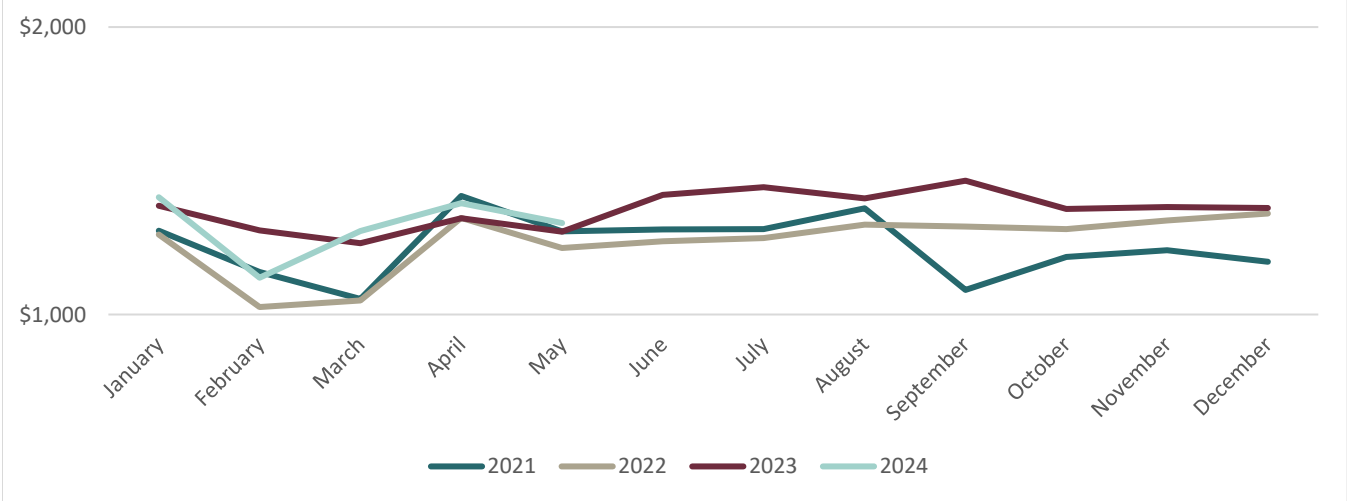
Total Sales Tax Collected (\$000s)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
JAN	\$1,292	\$1,279	\$1,379	\$1,408
FEB	\$1,148	\$1,026	\$1,292	\$1,128
MAR	\$1,054	\$1,049	\$1,248	\$1,291
APR	\$1,412	\$1,336	\$1,335	\$1,387
MAY	\$1,289	\$1,232	\$1,288	\$1,318
JUN	\$1,296	\$1,255	\$1,416	
JUL	\$1,297	\$1,266	\$1,442	
AUG	\$1,370	\$1,312	\$1,404	
SEP	\$1,086	\$1,306	\$1,466	
OCT	\$1,200	\$1,297	\$1,367	
NOV	\$1,223	\$1,327	\$1,373	
DEC	\$1,183	\$1,351	\$1,370	

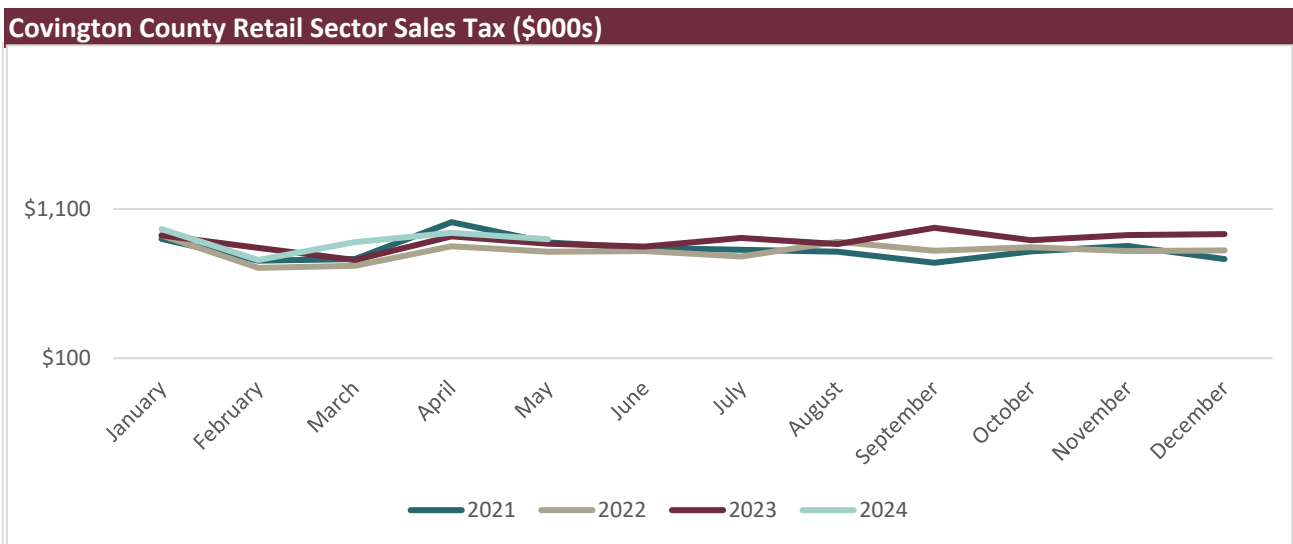
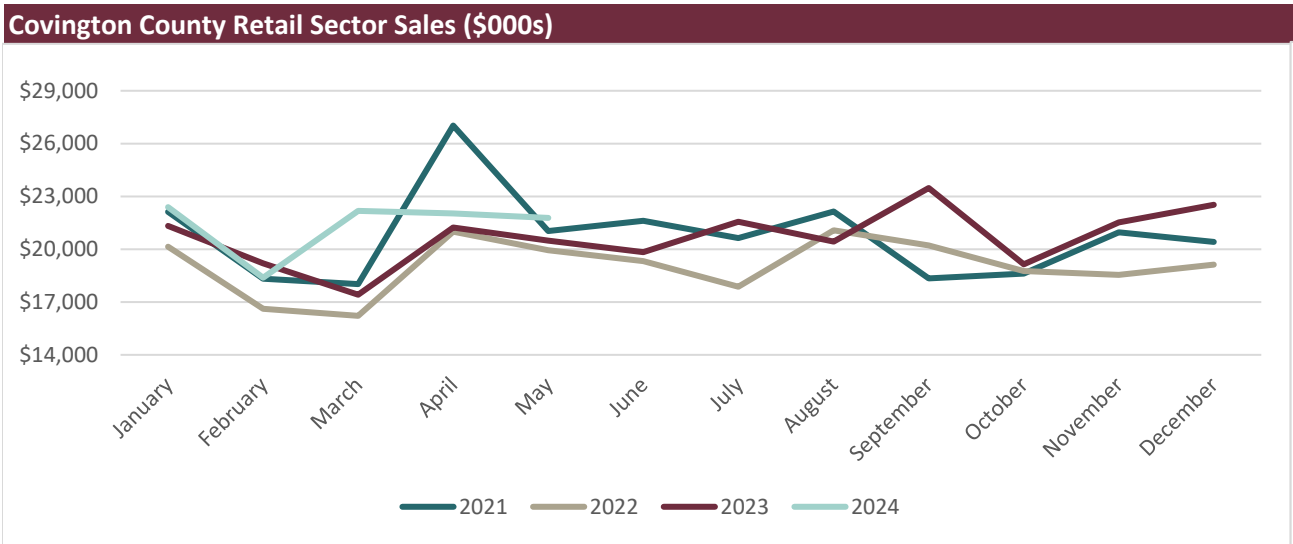
Covington County Total Sales (\$000s)



Covington County Total Sales Tax (\$000s)



Retail Sector Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax (\$000s)					Retail Sector Sales Tax Collected (\$000s)				
Month	2021	2022	2023	2024	Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
JAN	\$22,124	\$20,137	\$21,316	\$22,391	JAN	\$899	\$923	\$923	\$965
FEB	\$18,328	\$16,612	\$19,196	\$18,382	FEB	\$754	\$706	\$839	\$758
MAR	\$18,019	\$16,216	\$17,416	\$22,184	MAR	\$765	\$719	\$758	\$878
APR	\$27,024	\$20,997	\$21,227	\$22,028	APR	\$1,012	\$849	\$917	\$941
MAY	\$21,042	\$19,934	\$20,488	\$21,770	MAY	\$876	\$813	\$866	\$897
JUN	\$21,621	\$19,324	\$19,838		JUN	\$840	\$819	\$849	
JUL	\$20,637	\$17,866	\$21,561		JUL	\$826	\$782	\$905	
AUG	\$22,144	\$21,074	\$20,429		AUG	\$813	\$881	\$866	
SEP	\$18,343	\$20,206	\$23,476		SEP	\$740	\$820	\$974	
OCT	\$18,617	\$18,755	\$19,137		OCT	\$816	\$844	\$890	
NOV	\$20,959	\$18,548	\$21,516		NOV	\$852	\$819	\$925	
DEC	\$20,422	\$19,126	\$22,523		DEC	\$765	\$823	\$932	



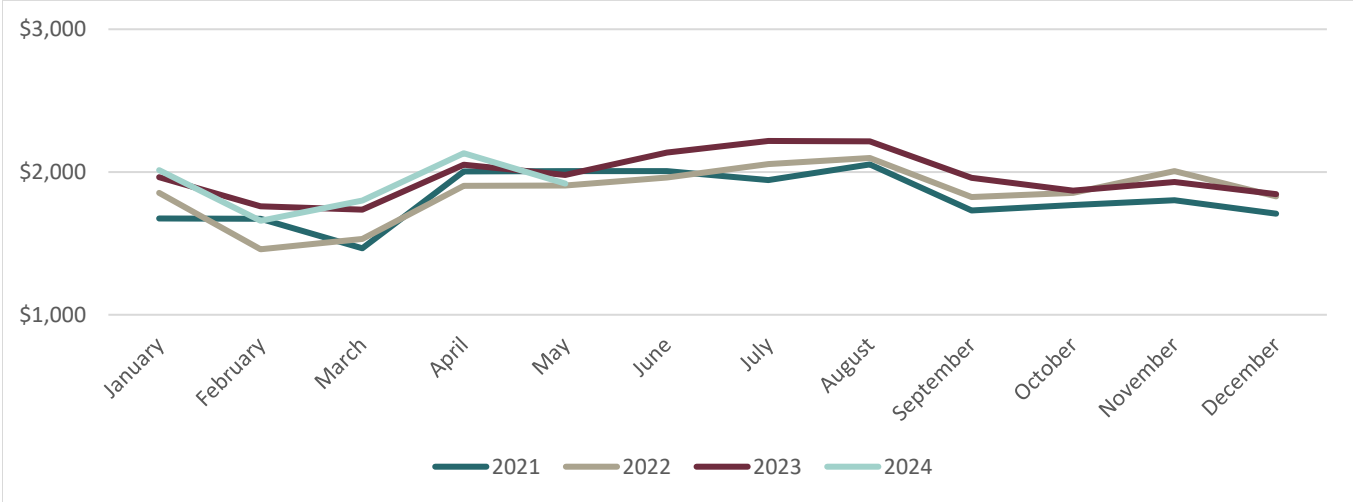
Food Service and Accommodations Sector Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax (\$000s)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
JAN	\$1,674	\$1,854	\$1,963	\$2,013
FEB	\$1,673	\$1,459	\$1,761	\$1,658
MAR	\$1,466	\$1,531	\$1,736	\$1,800
APR	\$2,003	\$1,903	\$2,050	\$2,131
MAY	\$2,007	\$1,906	\$1,980	\$1,919
JUN	\$2,007	\$1,961	\$2,137	
JUL	\$1,944	\$2,057	\$2,217	
AUG	\$2,053	\$2,098	\$2,214	
SEP	\$1,731	\$1,825	\$1,960	
OCT	\$1,770	\$1,853	\$1,871	
NOV	\$1,803	\$2,007	\$1,930	
DEC	\$1,709	\$1,830	\$1,845	

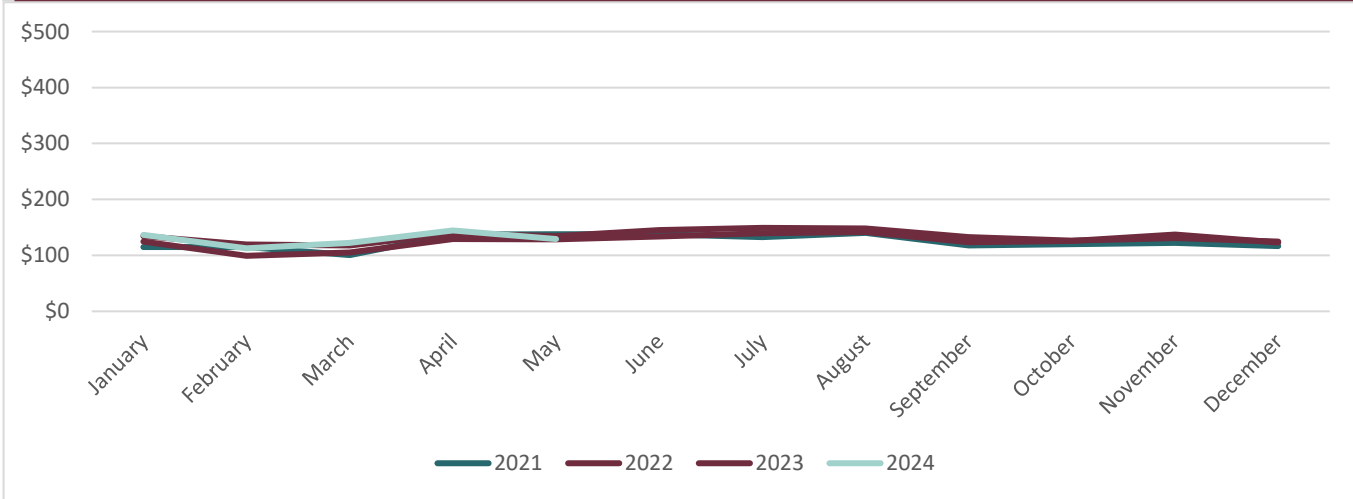
Food Service and Accommodations Sector Sales Tax Collected (\$000s)

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
JAN	\$115	\$125	\$134	\$137
FEB	\$115	\$99	\$120	\$113
MAR	\$101	\$105	\$118	\$122
APR	\$137	\$129	\$139	\$145
MAY	\$138	\$129	\$134	\$129
JUN	\$138	\$134	\$145	
JUL	\$133	\$139	\$149	
AUG	\$140	\$142	\$148	
SEP	\$118	\$123	\$132	
OCT	\$120	\$126	\$126	
NOV	\$123	\$137	\$131	
DEC	\$117	\$123	\$124	

Covington County Food Service and Accommodations Sector Sales (\$000s)



Covington County Food Service and Accommodations Sector Sales Tax (\$000s)



Estimated Change in Sales Between the Last 12 Months and the Average of the Previous 36 Months

	Sales	Average Sales*	Change in
	JUN23 - MAY24	JUN21 - MAY23	Sales
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	\$10,177	\$10,177	\$0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$0	\$1,878,042	\$1,878,042
Utilities	\$19,900,000	\$19,946,776	\$1,551,569
Construction	\$1,551,569	\$22,100,000	\$22,058,712
Manufacturing	\$255,000,000	\$255,235,744	\$0
Wholesale Trade	\$0	\$6,963,671	\$6,963,671
Retail Trade	\$0	\$0	\$0
Transportation and Warehousing	\$0	\$0	\$0
Information	\$0	\$0	\$112,263
Finance and Insurance	\$112,263	\$0	\$0
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	\$0	\$0	\$937,731
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	\$937,731	\$23,700,000	\$23,696,096
Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$18,400,000	\$18,381,044	\$0
Admin/Support/Waste Mgt & Remediation Svcs	\$0	\$66,072	\$48,801
Educational Services	\$0	\$0	\$0
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$0	\$0	\$0
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	\$937,731	\$708,224	\$229,507
Accommodation and Food Services	\$23,800,000	\$21,800,000	\$1,946,534
Other Services (except Public Administration)	\$18,100,000	\$15,600,000	\$2,570,466
Public Administration	\$0	\$0	\$0
Change in Total of Sector Sales	\$338,749,471	\$386,389,751	\$61,993,392

*Average Sales is calculated as the sum of average monthly sales for the three previous years.

Economic Impact Summary from Change in Total of Sector Sales (IMPLAN)

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	3,217.3	\$92,280,420	\$178,089,473	\$350,771,825
Indirect Effect	178.7	\$6,640,813	\$22,904,305	\$43,822,899
Induced Effect	42.4	\$1,650,730	\$4,874,311	\$8,211,062
Total Effect	3,438.4	\$100,571,963	\$205,868,088	\$402,805,786

Estimated Change in Property Taxes Collected **\$22,403,900**

Property taxes are collected by local governments; the majority collected by county governments.

Estimated Local Tax from Total of Sector Sales (IMPLAN)

Description	Employment Compensation	Taxes on		
		Production and Imports	Households	Corporations
Social Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Sales Tax	\$0	\$238,044	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Property Tax	\$0	\$22,400,000	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Other Tax	\$0	\$253,669	\$0	\$0
Corporate Profits Tax	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Personal Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$63,179	\$0
Total Local Taxes	\$0	\$22,800,000	\$63,179	\$0

Estimated State Tax from Total of Sector Sales (IMPLAN)

Description	Taxes on			
	Employment Compensation	Production and Imports	Households	Corporations
Social Insurance	\$6,905	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Sales Tax	\$0	\$26,959,784	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Property Tax	\$0	\$193,138	\$0	\$0
TOPI: Other Tax	\$0	\$3,126,290	\$0	\$0
Corporate Profits Tax	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$805,500
Personal Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$1,475,281	\$0
Total State Taxes	\$6,905	\$30,279,212	\$1,537,474	\$805,500

Special Levies**No Special Levy**

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
January				
February				
March				
April				
May				
June				
July				
August				
September				
October				
November				
December				

No Special Levy

Month	2021	2022	2023	2024
January				
February				
March				
April				
May				
June				
July				
August				
September				
October				
November				
December				

DATA Key

Total Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax

North American Industrial Classification Sectors (NAICS) sectors included in the “Total Sales as Indicated by Sales Tax” statistics include: Sector 11 – *Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting* ; Sector 21 – *Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction* ; Sector 22 – *Utilities* ; Sector 23 – *Construction* ; Sector 31-33 – *Manufacturing* ; Sector 42 – *Wholesale Trade* ; Sector 44-45 – *Retail Trade* ; Sector 48-49 – *Transportation and Warehousing* ; Sector 51 – *Information* ; Sector 52 – *Finance and Insurance* ; Sector 53 – *Real Estate and Rental and Leasing* ; Sector 54 – *Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services* ; Sector 55 – *Management of Companies and Enterprises* ; Sector 56 – *Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services* ; Sector 61 – *Educational Services* ; Sector 62 – *Health Care and Social Assistance* ; Sector 71 – *Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation* ; Sector 72 – *Accommodation and Food Services* ; Sector 81 – *Other Services (Except Public Administration)* ; and Sector 92 – *Public Administration* .

Retail Sector Sales

Retail Sector Sales includes NAICS Sector 44-45 – Retail Trade.

Accommodation and Food Service Sector Sales

Accommodation and Food Services Sector Sales includes NAICS Sector 72 – Accommodation and Food Services.

Estimated Change in Sales

To determine the economic impact of specific sector sales, we summed the sales for that sector in the study time frame. For this publication, each month’s sector sales from June 2023 through May 2024 were summed to obtain the Sales Subject to Sales Tax estimate.

Municipalities are assigned to the county in which the largest proportion of the municipality’s population resides (e.g., while the city of Jackson lies in Hinds, Madison, and Rankin Counties, Jackson was “assigned” to Hinds County because the majority of its population resides in Hinds County).

Municipal Sales Tax Diversions

Municipalities receive 18.5 percent of sales tax collected within their boundaries from the Mississippi Department of Revenue that can be used in the general budget (counties are not eligible for this allocation). The estimated municipal sales tax diversion is calculated as 18.5 percent of the change in Taxes on Production and Imports: Sales Tax as estimated by the Mississippi Department of Revenue.

Economic Impact Summary from Total of Sector Sales

The estimated sales was applied to a county-specific IMPLAN® input-output model to estimate the economic impacts and fiscal (tax) effects that result from the change in retail sales for the retail sector and accommodation and food services sector. The input-output model estimates direct, indirect, and induced effects for employment, labor income, total value added, and output. These terms are defined below:

Direct Effects — represent the initial change to industries considered relevant to the VA dataset. Industries used include *Retail – Miscellaneous store retailers* (IMPLAN® Sector 412), *Hotels and motels, including casino hotels* (IMPLAN® Sector 507), and *Limited-service restaurants* (IMPLAN® Sector 510).

Indirect Effects — represent changes in inter-industry transactions when supplying industries respond to demand changes from directly affected industries (the direct effects above).

Induced Effects — represent changes in local spending that result from income changes to employees in the directly and indirectly affected industry sectors.

Employment — annual average of monthly jobs in the industry. A job can be either part-time or full-time, and a person can hold more than one job (the employment or job count is not necessarily the same as the count of employed persons).

Labor Income — all forms of employment income, including employee compensation (wages and benefits) and proprietor income.

Value Added —represents the difference between an industry's total output and the cost of its intermediate inputs (gross outputs (sales or receipts plus other operating income plus inventory change) minus intermediate inputs (consumption of goods and services purchased from other industries or imported).

Output —represents the value of production by an industry in a calendar year.

Estimated State and Local Tax from Total of Sector Sales

IMPLAN® provides estimates of the fiscal (tax) effects for state and local taxes as well as federal taxes (federal taxes aren't shown in this report) that result from a shock to the local economy. Summaries of these fiscal effects are presented by tax type (*Social Insurance, Taxes on Production and Imports (TOPI): Sales Tax, TOPI: Property Tax, TOPI: Other Tax, Corporate Profits Tax, and Personal Taxes by taxpayer (Employee Compensation, Proprietor Income, TOPI, Households, and Corporations)*).

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